Thiess Smart Water Trucks



Innovative Thinking

- This is not just another water truck it's an example of identifying root causes
- This has not been a quick fix it's been a a 2 year commitment to implement the required change
- This has been a significant investment of time and money to address a long term mining industry problem





The Problem

 Inconsistent application of water onto unsealed roads, resulting in serious incidents involving equipment losing traction

Qld Dept of Mines reported:
 15 incidents in 2005
 18 incidents in 2006
 6 incidents in 2007 (4 months of data)
 at least one vehicle is sliding out of control on over-watered roads every 2-3 weeks









The Problem Typical Examples







The Problem Typical Examples







Problem Identification

- Historically, the Water Truck Operator determined the volume and location of water to be applied to the road surface
- Water Truck Operators were often the last to be allocated in the pre-start process
- Other road users were required to adjust their driving to compensate for over-watered roads
- Water Truck configurations have remained largely unchanged for 15-20 years
- Spot watering was used to control loss of traction situations





Problem Solving Mindset Change

- Traditional approaches don't work we needed to do more than run a training session or a Toolbox talk.
- Change required on a number of fronts a combination of hard and soft controls were required
- Not just 'tweaking' one element

2 year 'journey' to reduce the over-watered road hazard





Hard Controls

- Lowered Spray bar with increased number of spray heads
- Smaller spray heads which can be adjusted horizontally
- Electronic controller incorporated to sense ground speed and then regulate water flow and spray head activation
- Modified control box
- Solenoid controlled valve box to regulate water flow
- No water delivered below 5 kph
- Water pump output also linked to ground speed

Low – 5 -19 kph Med – 20 - 35 kph High – +35 kph







Control Box

The control box is broken up into 5 main functions:
1) Spray head selection (High and Low speed sprays)
2) Water Pump activation
3) Water Pump output selection (L,M,H)
4) Water cannon activation
5) Misc lighting and Tail light washing options







Soft Controls

- Upgraded BCC competency framework to emphasise the responsibility of a Water Truck Operator
- Created a Positively Safety Imperative (i.e. Golden Rule) to improve focus on preventing over-watered roads
- Minimised the Operator's requirement to constantly 'flick' switches in the cab of the water truck
- Provided training and assessment tools to improve awareness and compliance









- PSI #2 addressed following issues:
 - **1. Operator Responsibility**
 - 2. Supervisor Responsibility
 - 3. Water Truck configuration
 - 4. Management of the Watering Process
 - **5. General requirements**















The Solution Video Demo





The Solution Video Demo





Implementation ... Successful Trial

 Commenced with a trial at Collinsville Coal Mine

A number of field trials were conducted and Operator feedback was obtained

Calibration of the various output settings were also addressed

 After significant trial period, it was decided to extend the roll-out to our other project sites (9 water trucks)







Benefits Optimal Water Delivery

- Water delivery is linked to water truck speed
 - The road surface is dampened not flooded
 - The watering application is constant; no wet and dry sections



 Water Truck Operators are expected to be accountable for the amount of water on the road surface
 Dedicated Operators are assigned to the water truck each roster rotation







Cost Summary

 Approx \$20K (ea) to modify the existing units

While the units were being modified we took the opportunity to update and standardise water pumps/piping, hydraulic drives and controllers to allow for interchangeable componentry across the fleet (\$60K ea) – Not essential

The cost to set-up a new unit would be approximately \$8-10K

Minimal ongoing maintenance costs

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Transferability Across Industry

The componentry used are all off-the-shelf items
Remote Control Technologies designed and configured the controller units
The key to the set-up is being able to 'talk' to the speed sensor
The water trucks were required for 24 - 36 hours to modify





Further Work Refinements

- We are still refining some of the settings and configurations to cater for the following:
 - Different road material types
 - Road construction requirements
 - Variances between day and night conditions (evaporation etc)
 - Seasonal adjustments





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