

Functional Testing is a Validated Step
Toward a Safer Workplace

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Funding

Australian Coal Association Research Program ACARP Project C14045

'Validating the JobFit System Functional Assessment Method'



Researchers

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Step by Step



- Steps Leading to Research
- Steps to Excellence
- Project Steps
- PEFA components
- Results to date
- Implications... steps
- Challenges ... steps
- Next Steps

Steps Leading to PEFAs



- Sprains and strains cost Australian coal mining industry > \$ 1 MILLION EVERY WEEK
- Industry is aging (retirement, superannuation)
- Skilled labour shortages; risk management
- Dissatisfaction with current practices
- Functional testing increasing popularity
- Legal issues
- Return on investment
- Limited research available

Assessment Types



3 types of pre-employment assessments

- Medical / physio
 - Not supported
- Clinical functional
 - Limited research
- Field functional
 - Very limited research





Safety	Is the test safe to administer?
Reliability	Are the test results reproducible on any occasion between evaluators and participants?
Validity	Does the test measure what it reports to measure and is it predictive of performance?
Practicality	Is the test easy to administer with reasonable / minimal cost?
Utility	Does the functional test relate to job performance and does it meet the needs of the involved parties?

Project Steps



2 phases

Reliability study & validity study

Objectives

- Develop assessment method
- 2. Find out if there is a predictive relationship between assessment results and sprain and strain injuries



Pre-Employment Functional Assessment

Periodic-Employment Functional Assessment

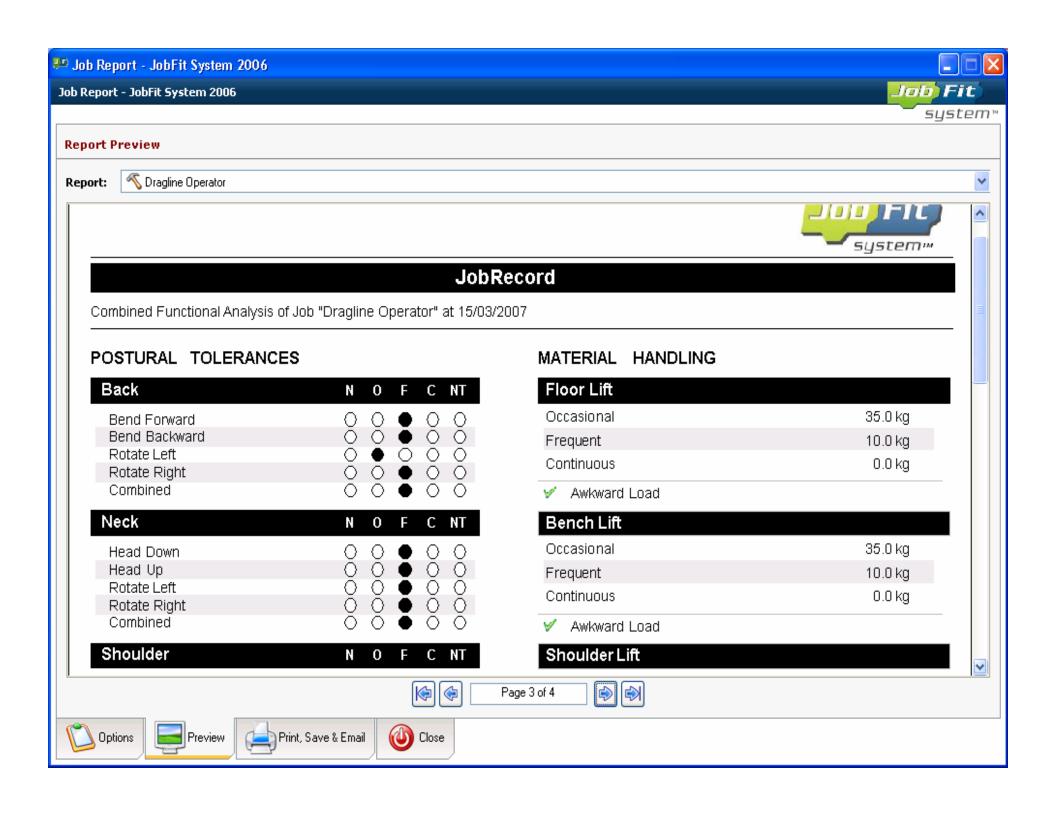
Post-Employment Functional Assessment

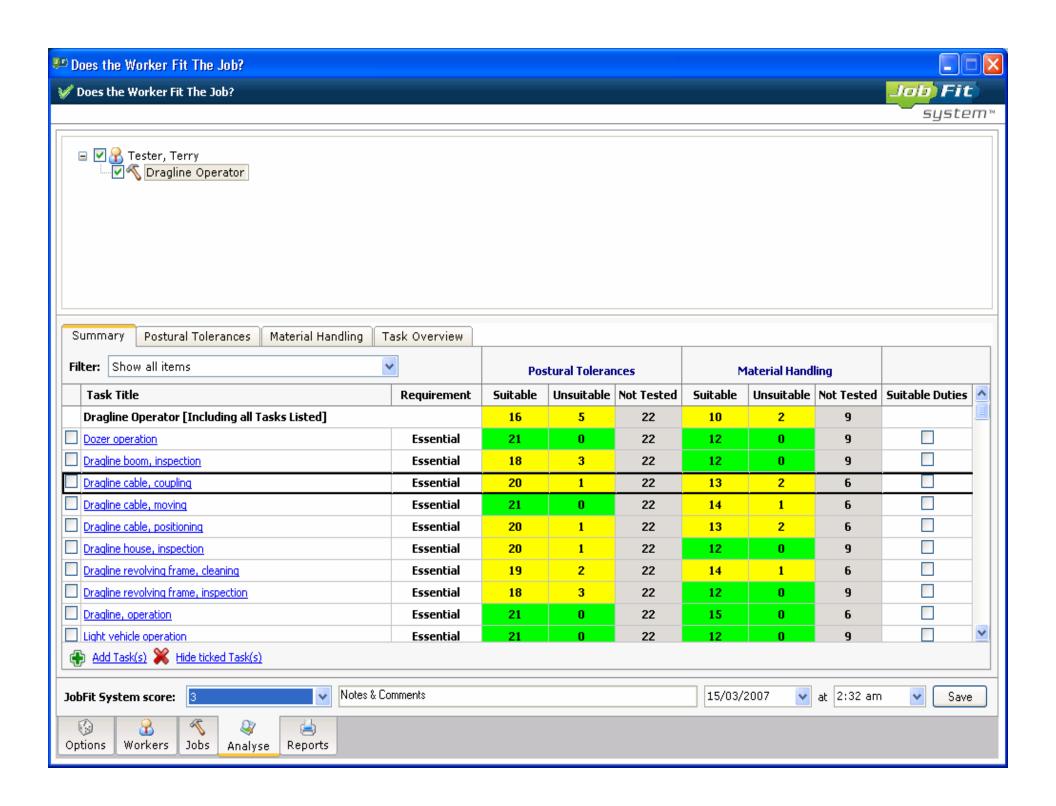


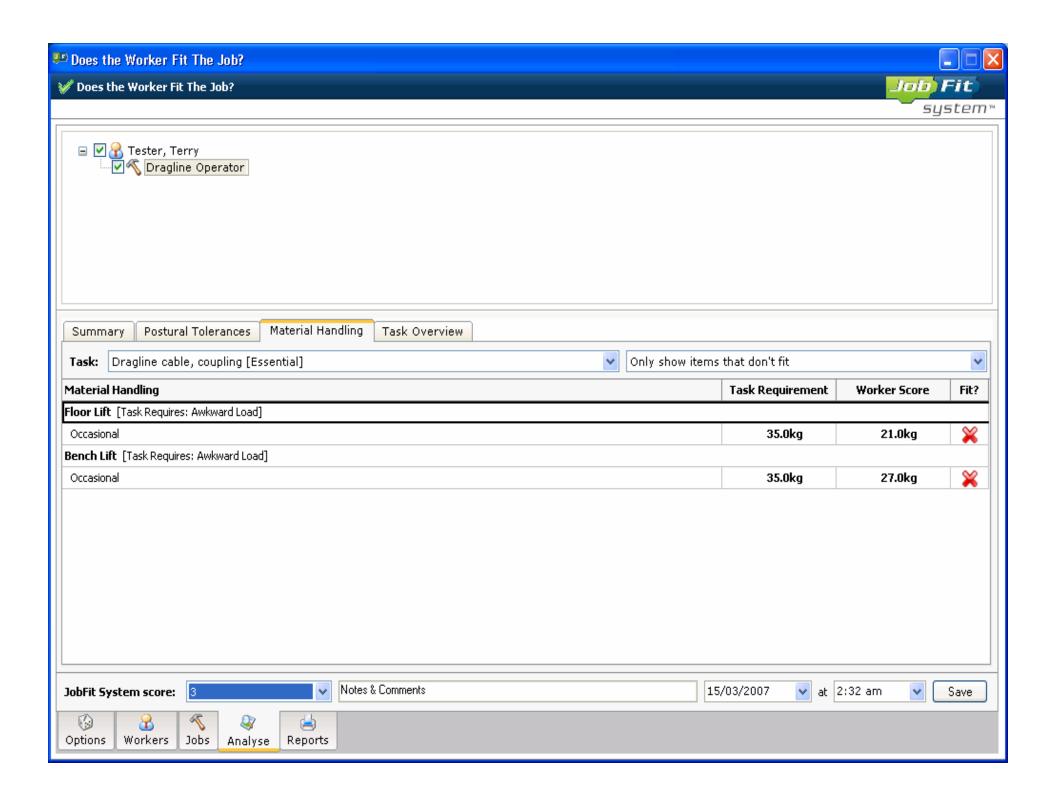
- Informed consent
- Medical history questionnaire
- Musculoskeletal screen (inc balance)
- Fitness test
- Postural tolerances (job-specific)
- Lifting and carrying (job-specific)
- Feedback
- Overall score



- JobFit System software compares worker capabilities to job demands
- Job demands database is used to develop job-specific assessment criteria
- Data matching capability is used to give PEFA score









Scoring system

- One met job demands
- Two minimal restrictions
- Three moderate restrictions
- Four did not meet

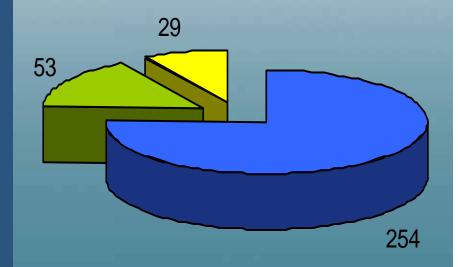


Sample

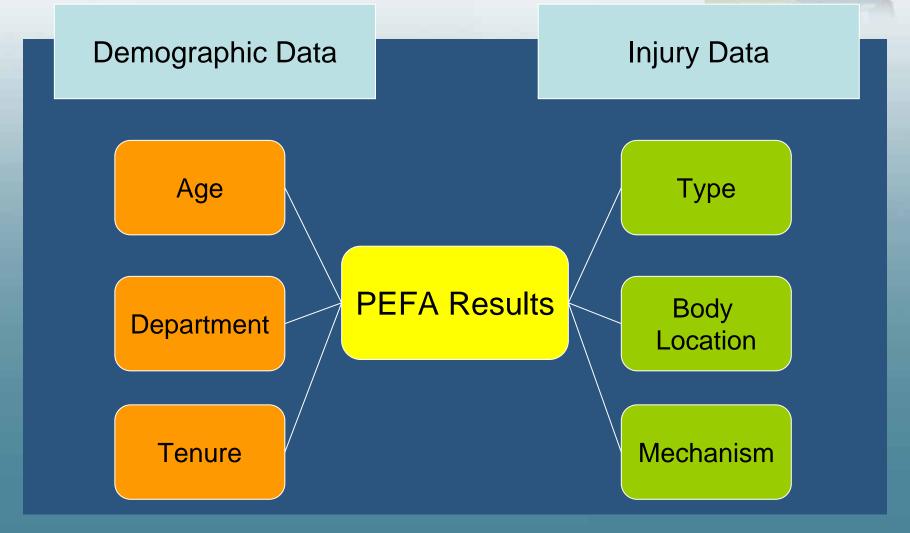
- 494 PEFAs total
- 385 hired
- 368 records correct
- 336 workers > 90 days

PEFA Scores









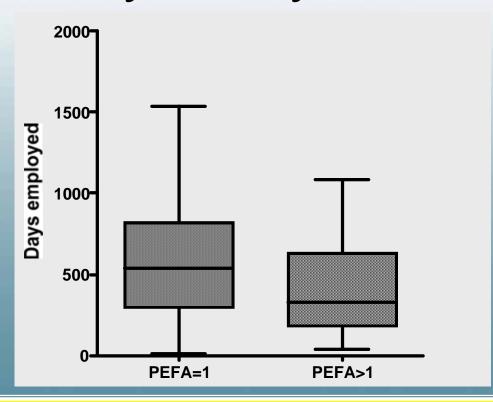


- Mean employ 2.18 years
- Mean age 39.3 years
- Younger in higher risk jobs

Significant Finding # 1

No assoc age and PEFA score
No assoc age and injury reports





PEFA score & Retention rates

PEFA=1

•1.54 years

PEFA>1

•1.09 years

Significant Finding # 2

PEFA score assoc with tenure



Sprain & strain injury rates

- 91 injuries: 38x1, 17x2, 5x3 and 1x4 reports
- Injured 2.85yrs, not injured 2.04 yrs
- Injury probability related to exposure (no surprises here!)
- Manual handling most common mechanism
- Back / trunk most common body location



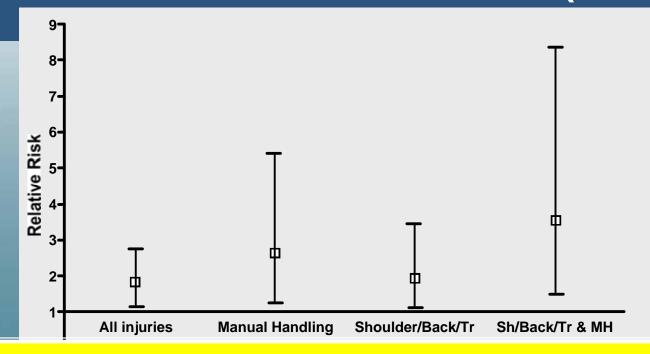
PEFA score and injury rates

- PEFA=1 (n=254)
 - 54 injuries by 39 workers (0.096 injuries per person year)
 - Back / trunk / shoulder injury rate from manual handling 0.023 per person year
- PEFA>1 (n=82)
 - 37 injuries by 23 workers (0.213 injuries per person year)
 - Back / trunk / shoulder injury rate from manual handling 0.086 3.7 times the rate





PEFA score and relative risk (95%CI)



Significant Finding # 3

PEFA score assoc with injury risk



PEFA components and relative risk

RESULTS INCONCLUSIVE (at this time)

Study Conclusions



- JobFit System PEFA is reliable and valid
- No assoc with PEFA score and age
- Mismatch reduces tenure
- Mismatch increases risk 3.5 times
- Accurate job demands are critical
- Not absolute indicator
- Snapshot more valuable if repeated
- Full value of data not realised

Challenges



- No guarantee 'healthy' workers
- PEFA is a 'snapshot'
- Research 'after the fact'
- Changes in job demands
- Working environment
- Privacy legislation and access to data
- Accuracy of work injury data
- Multiple and changing contacts

Next steps for Research



- Continue data collection
- Continue in-depth analysis as subject numbers increase
- Liaise with insurance company and safety team for accuracy and access to data
- Investigate 'under-reporting' of contribution of work or 'injury'



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